§ 655.855 What notice shall be given to the Employment and Training Administration and the Attorney General of the decision regarding violations?

(a) The Administrator shall notify the Attorney General and ETA of the final determination of any violation requiring that the Attorney General not approve petitions filed by an employer. The Administrator's notification will address the type of violation committed by the employer and the appropriate statutory period for disqualification of the employer from approval of petitions. Violations requiring notification to the Attorney General are identified in § 655.810(f).

(b) The Administrator shall notify the Attorney General and ETA upon the earliest of the following events:

(1) Where the Administrator determines that there is a basis for a finding of violation by an employer, and no timely request for hearing is made pursuant to § 655.820; or

(2) Where, after a hearing, the administrative law judge issues a decision and order finding a violation by an employer, and no timely petition for review is filed with the Department's Administrative Review Board (Board) pursuant to § 655.845; or

(3) Where a timely petition for review is filed from an administrative law judge's decision finding a violation and the Board either declines within 30 days to entertain the appeal, pursuant to § 655.845(c), or the Board reviews and affirms the administrative law judge's determination; or

(4) Where the administrative law judge finds that there was no violation by an employer, and the Board, upon review, issues a decision pursuant to § 655.845, holding that a violation was committed by an employer.

(c) The Attorney General, upon receipt of notification from the Administrator pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section, shall not approve petitions filed with respect to that employer under sections 204 or 214(c) of the INA (8 U.S.C. 1154 and 1184(c)) for nonimmigrants to be employed by the employer, for the period of time provided by the Act and described in § 655.810(f).

(d) ETA, upon receipt of the Administrator's notice pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section, shall invalidate the employer's labor condition application(s) under this subpart I and subpart H of this part, and shall not accept for filing any application or attestation submitted by the employer under 20 CFR part 656 or subparts A, B, C, D, E, H, or I of this part, for the same calendar period as specified by the Attorney General.

[65 FR 80238, Dec. 20, 2000]

Subpart J—Attestations by Employers Using F–1 Students in Off-Campus Work

SOURCE: 56 FR 56865, 56876, Nov. 6, 1991, unless otherwise noted.

§ 655.900 Purpose, procedure and applicability of subparts J and K of this part.

(a) *Purpose.* The Immigration Act of 1990 (Act) at section 221 creates a three-year work authorization program beginning October 1, 1991, for aliens admitted as F–1 students described in subparagraph (F) of section 101 (a)(15) of the Immigration and Nationality Act. 8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(F). The Act specifies that the Attorney General shall grant an alien authorization to be employed in a position unrelated to the alien's field of study (*i.e.*, a position not involving curricular or post-graduate practical training) and off-campus if:

(1) The alien has completed one year of school as an F–1 student and is maintaining good academic standing at the educational institution;

(2) The employer provides the educational institution and the Secretary of Labor with an attestation regarding recruitment and rate of pay specified in paragraph (b) of this section; and

(3) The alien will not be employed more than 20 hours each week during the academic term (but may be employed on a full-time basis during vacation periods and between academic terms).

Subpart J of this part sets forth the procedure for filing attestations with the Department of Labor (the Department or DOL) for employers who seek to use F–1 students for off-campus work. Subpart K of this part sets forth